

## DŮ 3 - ŘEŠENÍ

1)  $y = 2e^x \cdot \sqrt{x^3 - 2x} + \arcsin(2x)$

$y' = \left( \underbrace{2e^x}_{u} \cdot \underbrace{\sqrt{x^3 - 2x}}_v \right)' + (\arcsin(2x))'$  } derivace součtu

$$y' = (2e^x)' \cdot \sqrt{x^3 - 2x} + 2e^x \cdot (\sqrt{x^3 - 2x})' + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (2x)^2}} \cdot (2x)'$$

$$y' = 2e^x \cdot \sqrt{x^3 - 2x} + 2e^x \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x^3 - 2x}} \cdot (3x^2) \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - 4x^2}} \cdot 2$$

2)  $y = \sqrt{\sin(x-5)} - \log_7 7^x + \sin \frac{3\pi}{2}$

$$y' = (\sqrt{\sin(x-5)})' - (\log_7 7^x)' + (\sin \frac{3\pi}{2})'$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\sin(x-5)}} \cdot (\sin(x-5))' - \frac{1}{\cos^2 7^x} \cdot (7^x)' + 0$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\sin(x-5)}} \cdot \cos(x-5) \cdot 1 - \frac{1}{\cos^2 7^x} \cdot 7^x \cdot \ln 7$$

3)  $y = \frac{(2x+3)^2}{\sin x}$

$$y' = \frac{[(2x+3)^2]' \cdot \sin x - (2x+3)^2 \cdot (\sin x)'}{(\sin x)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{2(2x+3)' \cdot (2x+3) \cdot \sin x - (2x+3)^2 \cdot \cos x}{\sin^2 x}$$

$$y' = \frac{2(2x+3) \cdot 2 \cdot \sin x - (2x+3)^2 \cdot \cos x}{\sin^2 x}$$

$$4) \underline{y = (2x \cdot \lg x)^3 + \sqrt{2 \ln x}}$$

$$y' = 3(2x \cdot \lg x)^2 \cdot (2x \cdot \lg x)' + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2 \ln x}} \cdot (2 \ln x)'$$

$$y' = 3(2x \cdot \lg x)^2 \cdot (2 \cdot \lg x + 2x \cdot \frac{1}{x^2}) + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2 \ln x}} \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1}{x}$$

$$5) \underline{y = \sqrt{\log_3 x + \sin^3 x}}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\log_3 x + \sin^3 x}} \cdot (\log_3 x + \sin^3 x)'$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\log_3 x + \sin^3 x}} \left( \frac{1}{x \cdot \ln 3} + 3 \sin^2 x \cdot \cos x \right)$$

$$6) \underline{y = \arccos(3x^2 - x) \cdot 5x^3}$$

$$y' = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (3x^2 - x)^2}} \cdot (3 \cdot 2x - 1) \cdot 5x^3 + \arccos(3x^2 - x) \cdot 5 \cdot 3x^2$$

$$y' = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (3x^2 - x)^2}} \cdot (6x - 1) \cdot 5x^3 + \arccos(3x^2 - x) \cdot 15x^2$$

$$7) \underline{y = e^5 \cdot \operatorname{arccotg}(7x) - \operatorname{arctg} e^2}$$

$$y' = (e^5)' \cdot \operatorname{arccotg}(7x) + e^5 \cdot (\operatorname{arccotg}(7x))' - (\operatorname{arctg} e^2)'$$

$$y' = 0 \cdot \operatorname{arccotg}(7x) + e^5 \cdot \left( -\frac{1}{1 + (7x)^2} \right) \cdot (7x)' - 0$$

$$y' = e^5 \cdot \frac{-1}{1 + 49x^2} \cdot 7$$